

Iraq Weekly Status Report

April 2, 2008

**Bureau of Near Eastern Affairs
US Department of State**



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HIGHLIGHTS

- Al-Sadr presented a nine-point plan to end violence in Basrah. **(POLITICAL, page 5)**
- Muqtada al-Sadr called on his Mahdi Army to lay down their arms, bringing an end to a week of violence in Basrah and Baghdad. **(SECURITY, page 11)**
- Iraq added \$5 billion in supplemental funding to its 2008 budget due to increased oil revenue. **(ECONOMIC, page 15)**
- Iraq refused to endorse the Arab Summit statement because of its lack of any condemnation of terrorism in the country. **(DIPLOMATIC, page 26)**
- The UK announced it will hold its troop levels steady at 4,000, halting a drawdown planned for spring 2008. **(DIPLOMATIC, page 27)**



POLITICAL - Governance & Legislation

PM Maliki Declares Basrah Operation a Success:

- Iraqi Prime Minister Nuri al-Maliki declared April 1 that the operation against Shia militias in Southern Iraq was a success. A statement issued by the Prime Minister's office stated that the operation had achieved "security, stability and success" in Basrah. PM Maliki announced a seven-point plan to stabilize the area, including recruiting 10,000 more police and army forces and enhancing public services. According to the prime minister's statement, "we fulfilled our security commitments and responsibilities, which paved the way toward law enforcement and security."
- Sporadic fighting continues in Baghdad and Basrah, but the cities are mostly calm after the GOI negotiated a ceasefire agreement with Shia cleric Muqtada al-Sadr. PM Maliki has not declared an official end to the government offensive to disarm the militias in Basrah, which sparked retaliatory clashes in Baghdad and other southern cities starting a week ago.



POLITICAL - Governance & Legislation

Sadr Calls for Ending Military Operations in Basrah and All Governorates:

- In a March 30 statement, Muqtada al-Sadr laid out a nine point plan to end the violence in Basrah. The plan called for: (1) halting armed manifestations; (2) halting indiscriminate and illegal raids and arrests; (3) the GOI to release all detainees under the general amnesty law; (4) disavowing those who carry weapons with the aim to target government offices and offices of political parties; (5) cooperating with the government apparatus to achieve security and bring charges in accordance with the law against those who commit crimes; (6) asserting that the Sadr Trend does not possess heavy weapons; (7) helping those displaced due to security incidents return to their homes; (8) calling on the government to respect human rights; and (9) working toward completing construction and services projects in all governorates.



POLITICAL - Governance & Legislation

President Declares Iraq at a Crossroads:

- President Bush declared March 29 that Iraq stands at a defining moment as it struggles to defeat armed Shia militias in southern Iraq. President Bush stated that PM Maliki's decision "to go after the illegal groups in Basrah shows his leadership, and his commitment to enforce the law in an even-handed manner. It also shows the progress the Iraqi security forces have made during the surge. Iraqi forces planned this operation and they deployed substantial extra forces for it. They're leading the operation. Prime Minister Maliki traveled to Basrah to oversee it firsthand. This offensive built on the security gains of the surge, and demonstrated to the Iraqi people that their government is committed to protecting them. There's a strong commitment by the central government of Iraq to say that no one is above the law."
- The President also warned that the operation would, "take some time to complete," and would fill the media with "violent images," but that "the ultimate result will be this: terrorists and extremists in Iraq will know they have no place in a free and democratic society."

POLITICAL - Governance & Legislation



Iraqi Parliament Holds Special Session to Discuss Situation in Basrah:

- Iraq's parliament held an emergency session March 28 to discuss the security situation in the southern city of Basrah. Only 54 of the 275 lawmakers attended the session. Two major political groups, the United Iraqi Alliance and the Kurdish Alliance, were absent from the session. Lawmakers from Muqtada al-Sadr's block, the Fadhila Party, the Iraqi National List, and the National Dialogue Council did attend.



POLITICAL – Government of Iraq

Coalition Affiliation (at time of appointment)
United Iraq Alliance
Kurdistani Alliance
Iraqi Accord Front
Iraqi National List
Other / Independent

(F) = Female

* Formerly Tawafuq

** Formerly Sadrist/UIA

*** Formerly Iraqiya

Prime Minister

Nuri al-Maliki

President

Jalal Talabani

Deputy President

Tariq al-Hashimi

Deputy President

'Adil 'Abd al-Mahdi

Deputy Prime Minister

* Vacant

Deputy Prime Minister

Barham Salih

Minister of Agriculture

Ali al-Bahadeli

Minister of Communications

*** Vacant

Minister of Culture

* Vacant

Minister of Defense

Abdul Qadir Muhammed
Jasim al-Mufraji

Minister of Displacement & Migration

Abd al-Samad Rahman
Sultan

Minister of Electricity

Karim Wahid

Minister of Education

Khudayyir al-Khuza'i

Minister of Environment

Narmin 'Uthman (F)

Minister of Finance

Bayan Jabr

Minister of Foreign Affairs

Hoshiyar Zebari

Minister of Health

Saleh al-Hasnawi

Minister of Higher Education

* Vacant

Minister of Human Rights

Wijdan Mikha'il (F)

Minister of Industry & Minerals

Fawzi al-Hariri

Minister of Interior

Jawad al-Bulani

Minister of Justice

*** (Safa al Safi
acting)

Minister of Housing & Construction

Bayan Daza'l (F)

Minister of Labor & Social Affairs

Mahmud Muhammad
Jawad al-Radi

Minister of Oil

Husayn al-Shahristani

Minister of Planning

Ali Baban

Minister of Trade

Abd al-Falah al-Sudani

Minister of Science & Technology

Ra'id Fahmi Jahid

Minister of Municipalities & Public Works

Riyad Ghurayyib

Minister of Transportation

** Vacant

Minister of Water Resources

'Abd al-Latif Rashid

Minister of Youth & Sports

Jasim Muhammad Ja'far

Minister of State for Civil Society

* (Wijdan Mikha'il
Acting) (F)

Minister of State for National Dialogue Affairs

Akram al-Hakim

Minister of State for National Security Affairs

Shirwan al-Waili

Minister of State for Foreign Affairs

* Vacant

Minister of State for Governorates Affairs

Sa'd Hashim

Minister of State for Tourism and Antiquities

** Vacant

Minister of State for Women's Affairs

** (Narmeen Othman Acting)

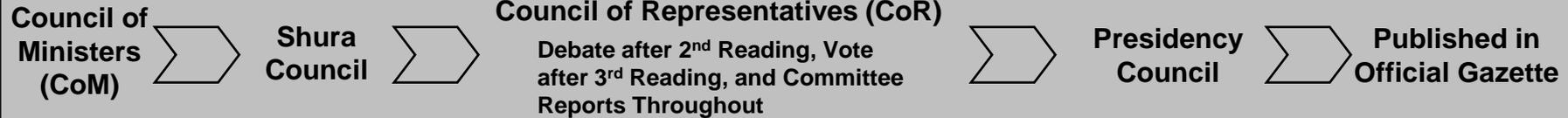
Minister of State for CoR Affairs

Safa al-Safi



POLITICAL – Key Legislation and Refugee Update

Legislative Process



Provincial Elections	The CoR is currently reviewing the law, which will set the legal basis and structure of provincial elections.
Hydrocarbons Package	The level of control allocated to the central government in the July 2007 draft version of the Framework Law (currently in CoR Committee) is the key point of disagreement; there may be more progress on the Revenue Management Law, currently with the Shura Council, in the coming months.
Amnesty Law	PASSED: CoR approved the law on February 13; the law was signed by the Presidency Council February 26 and was implemented March 2.
Pensions Amendment	PASSED: Published in the Official Gazette December 2007.
De-Ba'athification Reform	PASSED: Approved by default by the Presidency Council February 2008. Published in the Official Gazette in mid-February.
Provincial Powers	PASSED: CoR approved the law on February 13; the law was vetoed by the Presidency Council February 26. The veto was rescinded on March 19.

Refugee Update

Refugees in the region: 2-2.4 million

Internally displaced persons in Iraq: 2.2-2.4 million

Total number of Iraqi refugees admitted to the US to date in FY07-FY08: 4,238



POLITICAL - Provincial

Humanitarian Situation in Basrah:

- According to the UN Humanitarian Coordinator and the Office of the Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA), electricity and water are now functioning throughout most of Basrah and markets have reopened, following last week's fighting. By April 2, UNICEF had completed three days of water tanking operations in 15 sites across Basrah city, including several hospitals, providing safe drinking water to over 4,000 families. Mercy Corps is also distributing potable water and planning to distribute emergency food sources to Basrah's poorest neighborhoods and areas which sustained clashes over the last few days. Additional UNICEF supplies are being pre-positioned in accessible locations in Baghdad and Basrah in the event of further violence.



SECURITY - Situation Update

Ceasefire Ends Violence in Basrah, Baghdad:

- Shia cleric Muqtada al-Sadr called on his JAM militia to lay down arms March 30, ending a week of violence in Basrah and Baghdad. From March 23 to March 31, with the exception of March 24, the International Zone (IZ) in Baghdad suffered rocket attacks, resulting in the deaths of two US government personnel, Dr. Mazin Zwayne and Paul Converse. Over 400 other casualties resulted from the week of fighting. Sadr called for an end to violence and the release of detained Mahdi Army members. Despite the general halt in fighting, the IZ received additional indirect fire on April 1.

Coalition Forces Capture Alleged Car Bomber, al-Qaida Suspects:

- Coalition forces (CF) captured 19 suspected al-Qaida in Iraq (AQI) terrorists, some wanted in connection to bombing cells responsible for attacks on CF and assassinations. In Mosul, CF captured an alleged associate of AQI leaders among 12 other detainees. In Bayji, CF captured a suspected bombing cell leader and six associates.



SECURITY – Security Transition

Sons of Iraq Gain New Members:

- More than 750 Iraqis became Sons of Iraq (Sol) at a March 28 ceremony in Tuz. Their agreement entailed a signed contract that binds provincial, local, and tribal leaders to assist Iraqi and Coalition forces. The program in Tuz has produced nearly 9,000 Sol since its inception in December 2007.

Multi-National Security Transition Command-Iraq Strengthens MOI Forces:

- MNSTC-I provided \$1.6 billion in funding to Ministry of Interior (MOI) forces in 2007 for training, equipping, infrastructure repair, and new construction. \$601 million funded new construction projects and renovations on 19 forts, 130 police stations, five ports of entry, seven facilities for the National Police, and six training academies for the Iraqi Police.

Foreign Military Sales (FMS) Provides Weapons and Ammunition:

- The MOI continues to bolster its police vehicle fleet and its supply of weapons and ammunition through its participation in FMS. The supplies total more than \$272 million in ammunition of many calibers, various small arms and heavy weapons, support equipment, and spare parts. Over 2,600 police vehicles will be delivered to the Ministry by June.

Iraqi Ministry of Defense (MOD) receives \$14.7 Million in Equipment:

- An FMS shipment provided the MOD with recovery vehicles, trailers, cargo trucks, and cargo trailers. The MOD also acquired 19 Humvees through the US military Iraqi Security Forces Fund.



SECURITY - Iraqi Security Forces

Iraq Security Forces as of March 19, 2008 ^a			
Component	Current Authorized Personnel ^b	Assigned Personnel ^c	Total Trained Personnel to date ^d
Ministry of Interior (MoI) Forces ^e			
Iraqi Police Service ^f	288,001	279,870	166,037
National Police ^g	33,670	33,531	44,156
Border Enforcement	38,205	40,852	28,023
Total MoI	359,876	354,253	238,216
Ministry of Defense (MoD) Forces ^h			
Army	186,352	160,248	180,263
Support Forces	17,369	18,087	19,750
Air Force	2,907	1,344	1,370
Navy	1,483	1,123	1,194
Total MoD	208,111	180,802	202,577
Counter Terrorism Bureau			
Special Operations	4,857	3,144	3,709
Total Iraqi Security Forces	572,844	538,199	444,502

a Numbers do not include ministry staffs.

b Numbers reflect Government of Iraq (GOI) authorizations.

c Numbers are based upon GOI payroll data and do not reflect present for duty totals.

d Numbers reflect assigned personnel that have received training.

e Numbers reflect total ISF personnel trained to date, some of which are no longer assigned due to casualties, AWOL, and normal separation.

f MoI strength does not reflect investigative and administrative forces, the MoI HQ, MoI Forensics, Dignitary Protection, or contracted guards.

g MoI Police Support Unit, Provincial Security Force, and Emergency Response Unit personnel are part of the Iraqi Police Service and does not include other Ministry FPS.

h MoD strength is derived from Modified Tables of Organization and Equipment (MTOEs).



ECONOMIC – Economic & Government Capacity Update

Food and Fuel Prices:

- The recent fighting in Basrah spurred higher prices on food and fuel. Salim Adbud-Hussein, a resident of Basrah's Jubaila area, stated that a kilo of tomatoes and potatoes were ten times the price they were before fighting began March 25. Additionally, a cylinder of cooking gas is up to 25,000 dinars (\$20.75 at current exchange rates) from 5,000 dinars (\$4.15), while a liter of fuel rose from 450 (\$0.37) to 8,500 dinars (\$7.05).

Global Debt Investors Interested in Iraq:

- In 2006, Iraq sold a \$2.7 billion global bond of restructured Saddam-era commercial claims. Investors were initially attracted to Iraq's bonds due to their high sovereign debt yields. Then oil revenues surged and a number of sovereign creditors agreed to reduce Iraq's Saddam-era debts. Consequently, prices for the bonds increased, reducing their effective yields, which reflected a reduction of their sovereign risk premium or "spread" over the London Inter-Bank Offer Rate (LIBOR). ING Investment Management holds the Iraq bond, and according to senior investment manager Bart Van der Made in The Hague, Iraq is seen as having (a stronger) capability to repay the debt.



ECONOMIC – Economic & Government Capacity Update

Iraq to Issue a \$5 Billion Supplemental:

- The Office of the Government of Iraq's Spokesman said in a statement that, due to revenue increases from higher-than-projected oil prices, the government plans to issue a \$5 billion supplemental to the 2008 budget by the end of June. The funds "will be allocated for important and strategic investment projects of the ministries and governorates of Iraq," according to the statement. The 2008 budget, which was passed in February, allocates \$49.9 billion in expenditures, \$13.2 billion of which is earmarked for capital projects investment.



ECONOMIC – Oil

Crude Oil Update:

Price averages in world markets closed with the following prices:

Basrah Light at \$98.42/ barrel

Dated Brent at \$102.908/barrel

WTI Cushing at \$104.256/ barrel

Oman/Dubai at \$97.204/barrel

Revenue estimates:

2006: \$31.3 Billion

2007: \$41.0 Billion

2008: \$15.6 Billion (ytd)



ECONOMIC – Essential Services

Iraq Oil Deals Unlikely before Summer:

- In recent months, the GOI met with major oil companies, namely Chevron, Royal Dutch Shell, Total, BP, and Exxon Mobil. Iraq is expected to pay up to \$2.5 billion to enlist the firms' help in raising oil output by 25%. That would translate into adding 500,000 barrels per day to the current production of 2.27 million barrels per day. Officials hoped that the deals would be completed in March or April 2008, but negotiations have slowed between the GOI and international oil companies.

Crescent Petroleum Supports Iraq Universities:

- The GetEnergy 2008 Global Education and Networking Event took place in London March 26-28. Crescent Petroleum sponsored the attendance of the University of Baghdad, Basrah University, and the American University of Iraq – Sulaymania at the event.
- The event's purpose was to form relationships between various oil sector institutions to enhance education and training in the energy sector.
- Crescent Petroleum's subsidiary Dana Gas is working on an integrated natural gas project in the Kurdish Region. It is unclear if Baghdad's blacklisting of Dana Gas also applies to Crescent Petroleum.



ECONOMIC – Essential Services

Lebanese Cleric Bans Oil Infrastructure Attacks:

- Ayatollah Mohammed Hussein Fadlallah, Lebanon's top Shia cleric, issued a fatwa banning attacks on critical infrastructure in Iraq. "We stress the contents of the fatwa that it is prohibited to attack properties and public wealth, whether it is oil wealth or other types of wealth, and attacks on people, their lives, security, stability, property, or honour," Fadlallah said in a statement. In an effort to urge Iraqis to assist in stability, he said "We call upon all Iraqi factions, groups and sides not to protect anyone who tries to harm people's personal interests and we call on everyone to start a constructive dialogue."
- Ayatollah Fadlallah's statement comes after recent fighting in Basrah in which two oil pipelines were attacked. One attack disrupted a domestic pipeline linked to the Basrah refinery and the other hit a pipeline supplying exporting terminals on the Gulf. Shipments were quickly restored to normal levels.

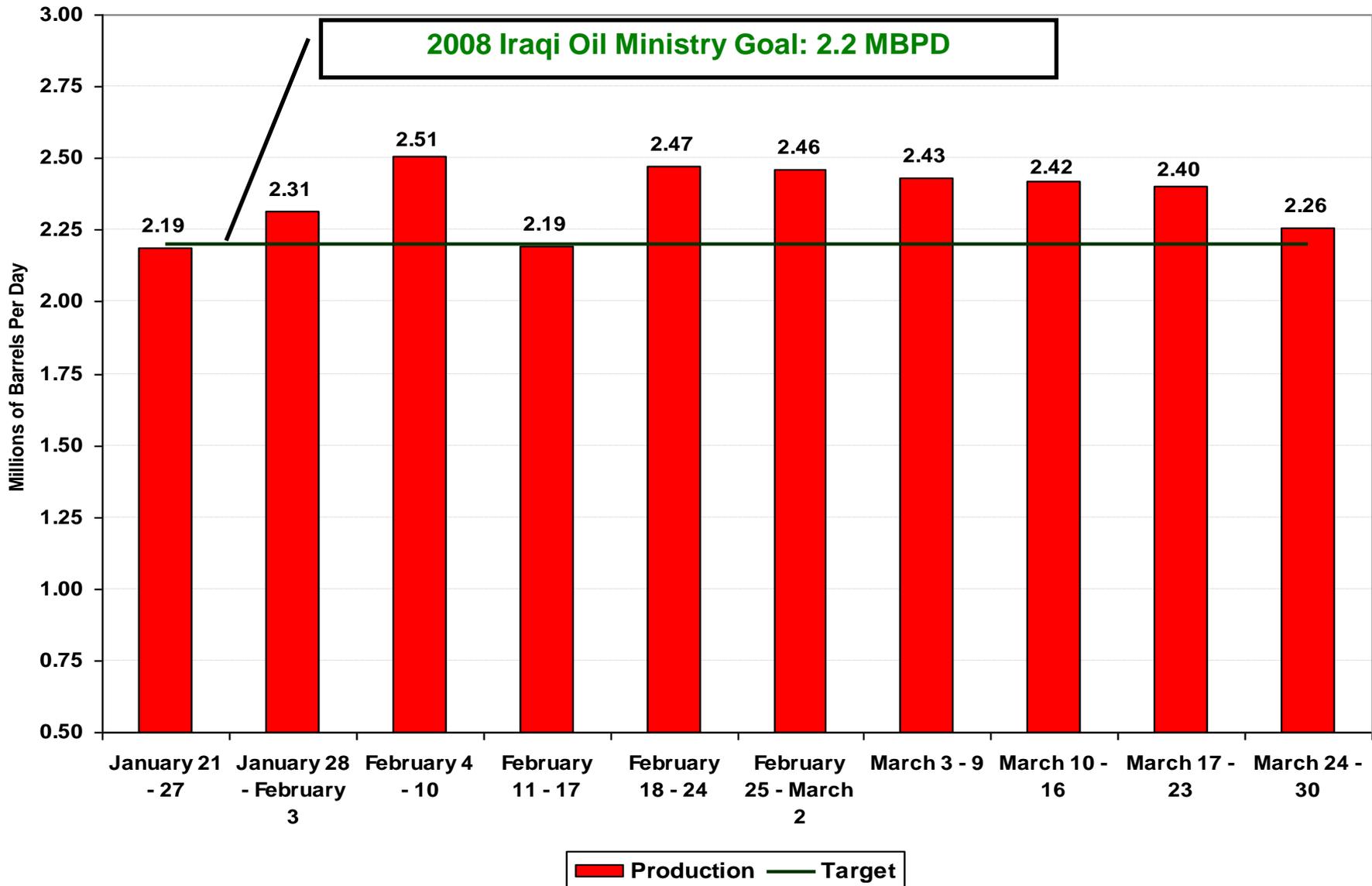
Basrah Oil Refinery Interrupted:

- A lack of electricity disrupted operations at the Basrah oil refinery for two days. Limited production began again March 31 after electricity was restored. An official at the South Oil Company confirmed that the refinery was operational. According to the official, only one of three refining units has resumed normal operations. The functional refining unit produces 75 thousand barrels per day.



ECONOMIC – Crude Oil Production

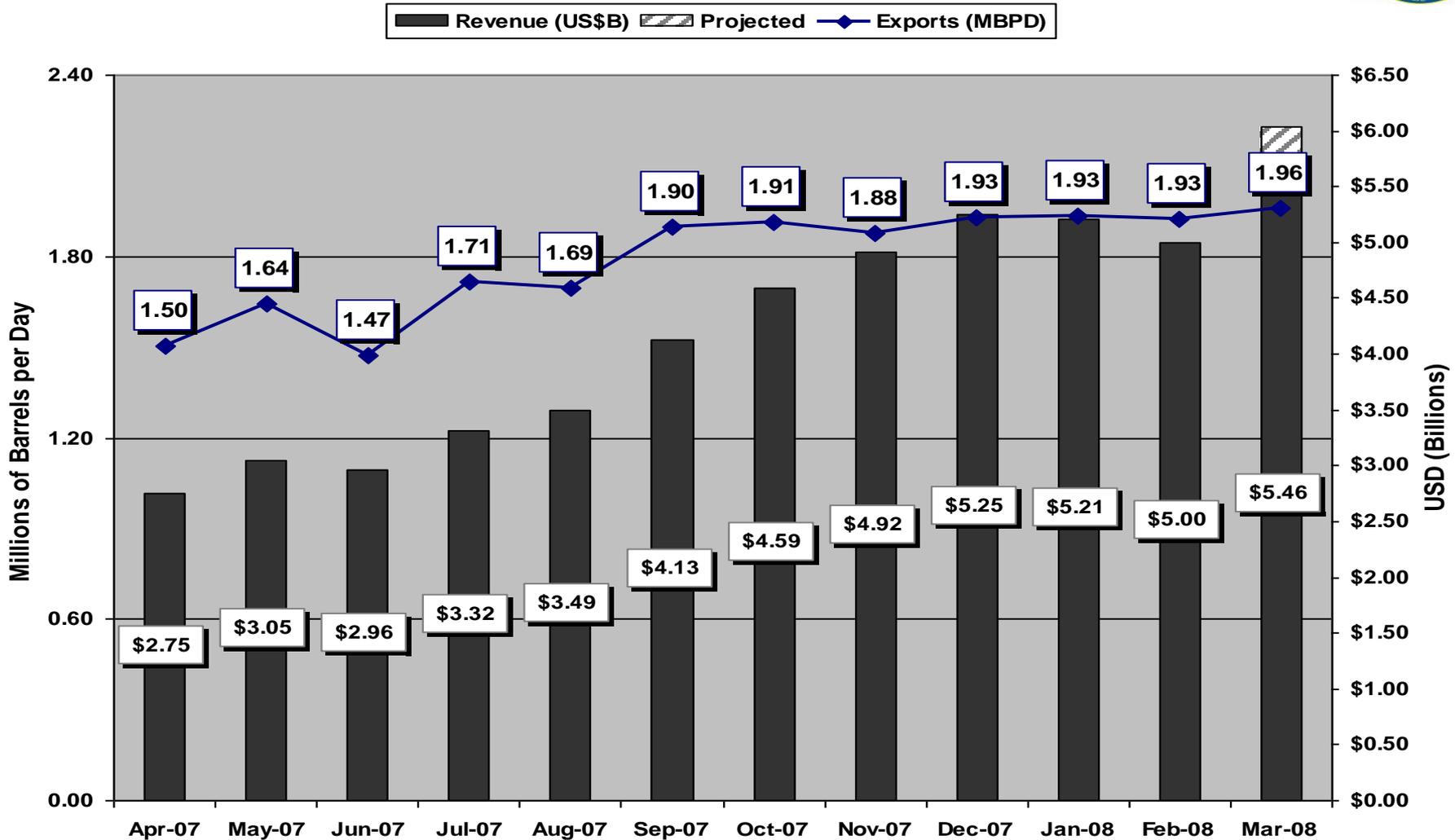
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ECONOMIC – Crude Oil Export

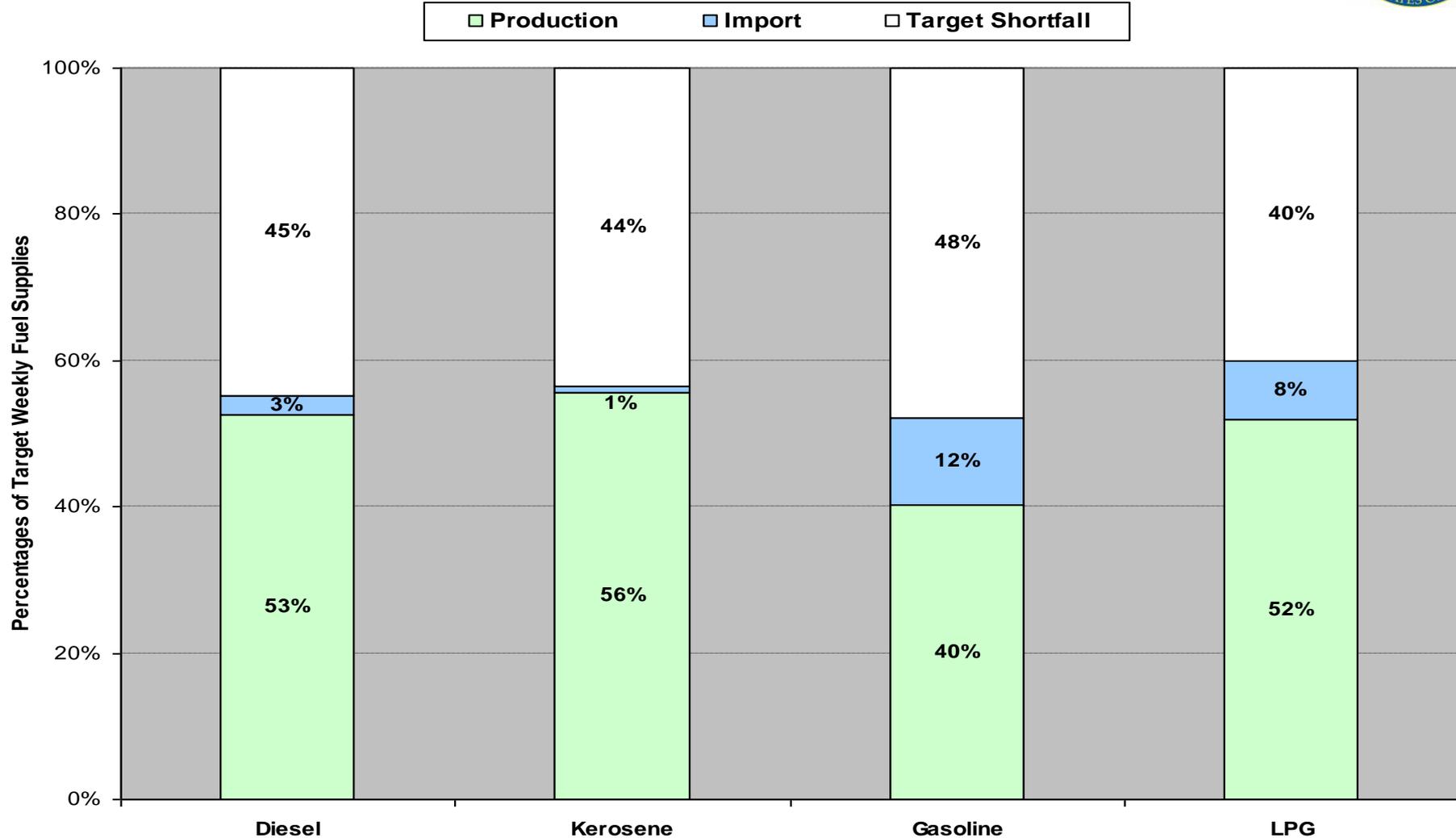
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- 2006 Revenue Estimate: \$31.3 Billion
- 2007 Revenue Estimate: \$41.0 Billion
- 2008 Revenue Estimate: \$15.6 Billion (ytd)



ECONOMIC – Total Critical Refined Product Supplies



Note: This is a daily average for March 24 – 30

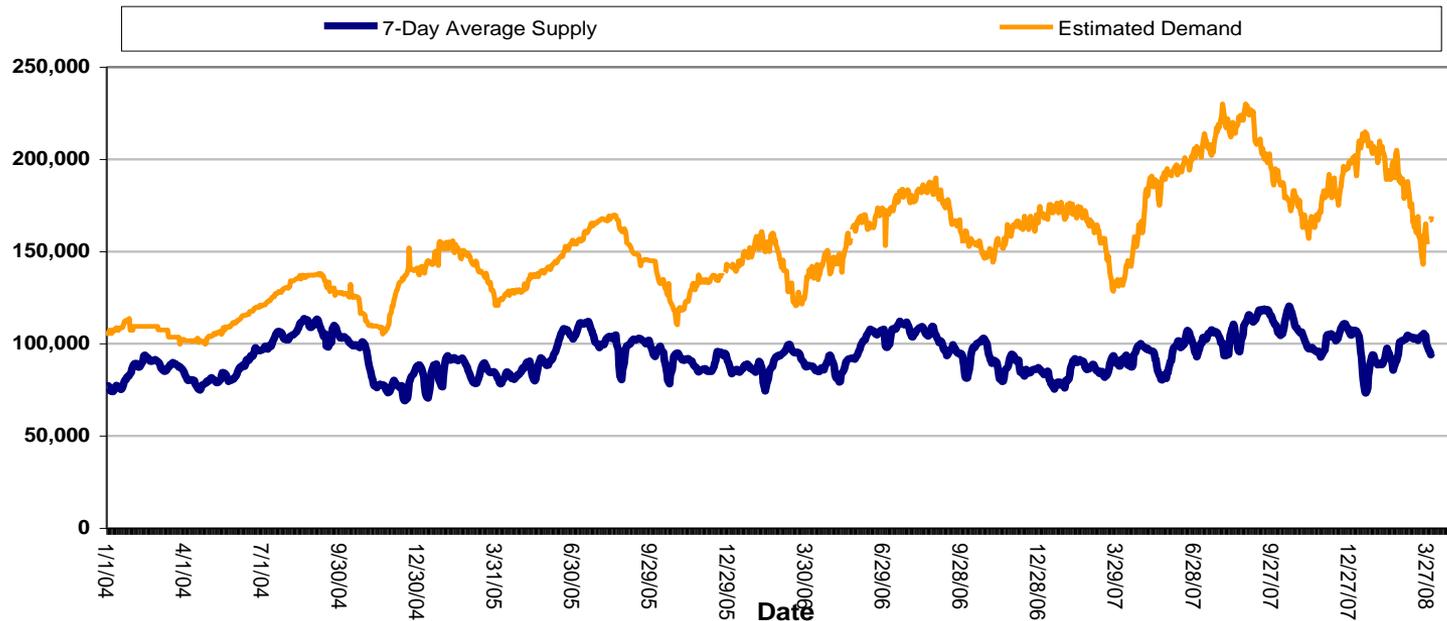
- Diesel: 13.5 ML supply of 24.5 ML target
- Kerosene: 8.2 ML supply of 14.6 ML target
- Gasoline: 14.0 ML supply of 26.8 ML target
- LPG: 3,061 tons supply of 5,100 tons target

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ECONOMIC – Electricity

Daily Electricity Supplied and Estimated Demand in Iraq Since January 2004

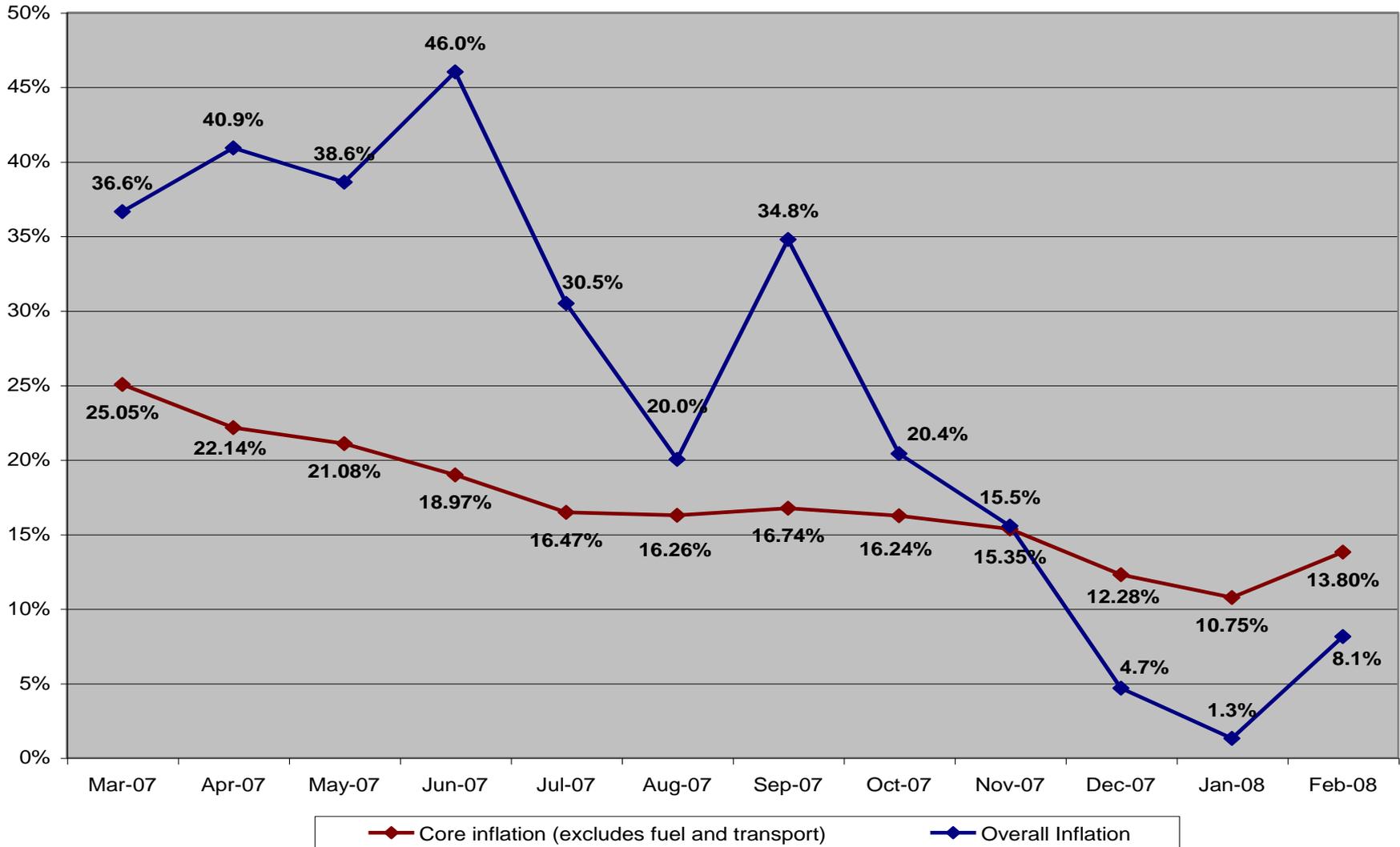


- Electricity supply and demand data was unavailable for March 28, 29, or 31. The averages for March 26-April 1 therefore were calculated from data for the other four days of that period. For March 26-April 1, daily electricity demand was 23% above the same period last year. Daily supply from the grid was 8% above the year-earlier period and met 58% of demand, compared with 66% for the year-earlier period.
- Data on hours of power was available through March 26. For March 20-26, average hours of power from the grid after meeting demand from essential services: Baghdad 12.0 and nationwide 14.3. Year-ago levels were Baghdad 5.7 and nationwide 12.0.



ECONOMIC – Economic Indicators

Year-on-Year Inflation



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ECONOMIC – Economic Indicators

Economic Indicator	This Week	Last Week	Last Month	Last Year
Iraqi Commercial Bond Sales				
Price (USD)	\$72.77	73.97	\$66.76	\$62.82
Yield	8.71%	8.54%	9.56%	10.16%
Central Bank's USD Currency Auction				
USD Sold	\$96,540,000	\$91,730,000	\$75,237,000	\$66,957,492
NID Exchange Rate	\$1,208	\$1,209	\$1,210	\$1,254.00
Total Employed by USG Programs				
	95,953	95,562	82,608	N/A



ECONOMIC - Iraq Relief and Reconstruction Fund (IRRF) 1 and 2

Sector/Status (Millions of USD)			Committed			Obligated			Disbursed		
	Allocated	Un-allocated	Last Week	Current	Change	Last Week	Current	Change	Last Week	Current	Change
Security and Law	\$4,978	\$27	\$4,955	\$4,954	-\$1	\$4,954	\$4,953	-\$1	\$4,866	\$4,867	\$1
Justice and Civil Society	\$2,264	\$38	\$2,239	\$2,239	\$0	\$2,236	\$2,234	-\$2	\$2,153	\$2,153	\$0
Electricity Sector	\$4,196	\$29	\$4,056	\$4,056	\$0	\$4,048	\$4,049	\$1	\$3,785	\$3,797	\$12
Oil Infrastructure	\$1,723	\$2	\$1,597	\$1,597	\$0	\$1,597	\$1,597	\$0	\$1,570	\$1,570	\$0
Water and Sanitation	\$2,067	\$35	\$1,957	\$1,957	\$0	\$1,943	\$1,943	\$0	\$1,785	\$1,788	\$4
Transportation and Comm\	\$462	\$1	\$456	\$456	\$0	\$449	\$449	\$0	\$407	\$409	\$1
Roads, Bridges and Const\	\$327	\$6	\$317	\$317	\$0	\$317	\$317	\$0	\$248	\$249	\$1
Health Care	\$812	\$10	\$783	\$783	\$0	\$776	\$776	\$0	\$725	\$728	\$2
Private Sector Development	\$821	\$2	\$821	\$821	\$0	\$821	\$821	\$0	\$811	\$813	\$2
Edu\, Refugees, Human Rights	\$436	\$0	\$423	\$423	\$0	\$423	\$423	\$0	\$395	\$398	\$4
Admin Expense (USAID,DoS)	\$213	\$0	\$210	\$210	\$0	\$210	\$210	\$0	\$210	\$210	\$0
Total IRRF II	\$18,299	\$150	\$17,814	\$17,812	-\$2	\$17,774	\$17,773	-\$1	\$16,954	\$16,981	\$27
IRRF II Non-Construction	-	-	\$7,924	\$7,923	-\$1	\$7,914	\$7,913	-\$1	\$7,691	\$7,697	\$7
IRRF II Construction	-	-	\$9,371	\$9,370	-\$1	\$9,340	\$9,340	\$0	\$8,746	\$8,767	\$20
IRRF II Overhead	-	-	\$520	\$520	\$0	\$520	\$520	\$0	\$517	\$517	\$0
Total IRRF I	\$2,475	\$0	\$2,291	\$2,291	\$0	\$2,232	\$2,232	\$0	\$2,139	\$2,139	\$0
Grand Total IRRF I & II	\$20,774	\$150	\$20,105	\$20,103	-\$2	\$20,006	\$20,005	-\$1	\$19,093	\$19,120	\$27



DIPLOMATIC – Political Engagement

Iraq Refuses to Endorse Arab Summit Statement:

- The Government of Iraq (GOI) refused to endorse the Arab Summit's declaration, citing the lack of any condemnation of terrorism in the country. The GOI accused regional Arab governments of having too weak a stance against Sunni Arab fighters. The declaration did call for "Iraqi brothers to stop bloodshed immediately and preserve the lives of innocent citizens" and for hastening the "end of the foreign presence." Leaders from Egypt, Jordan, and Saudi Arabia boycotted the summit in protest over Syrian meddling in Lebanese politics. No Lebanese officials attended.

Sweden Limits Iraqi Refugees:

- The Associated Press reports that: "While Sweden has won praise for the welcome it extends to Iraqis, the government is concerned by the surge of newcomers and has appealed in vain to fellow European Union states to share the burden." Asylum seekers now need to show proof that they have fled specific threats of violence; overall unrest is no longer sufficient. Many refugees are fearful that they will be sent back to Iraq.



DIPLOMATIC – Political Engagement

UK to Hold Troop Levels at 4,000:

- In an April 1 statement to the British Parliament, Defense Secretary Des Browne said, “In the light of last week’s events ... it is prudent that we pause any further reductions while the current situation is unfolding.” UK forces were scheduled to drawdown to approximately 2,500 by spring 2008, in line with a statement made by Prime Minister Gordon Brown in October 2007. Stressing the importance of decisions based on military advice and conditions on the ground, the Defense Secretary added that even before last week’s events, “emerging military advice ... was that further reductions might not be possible at the rate envisaged in the October announcement – although it remains our clear direction of travel and our plan.”



DIPLOMATIC – Coalition Contributors

26 Countries with forces in Iraq (including US)

Albania	Denmark	Korea	Romania
Armenia	El Salvador	Latvia	Singapore
Australia	Estonia	Lithuania	Tonga
Azerbaijan	Georgia	Macedonia	Ukraine
Bosnia-Herzegovina	Japan	Moldova	United Kingdom
Bulgaria	Kazakhstan	Mongolia	
Czech Republic		Poland	

TOTAL ~ 9,970 Forces

32 Countries and NATO*
 (including the US)
Support Iraqi Stability Operations

*32 includes the US, the 25 countries listed above, and six non-MNF-I countries: Hungary, Italy, Netherlands, Portugal, Slovenia, Turkey

Note: Fiji and New Zealand, participating as a part of the UN Assistance Mission in Iraq (UNAMI), are not included.



CONTACT INFORMATION

- This brief draws from multiple sources. References are cited on the following pages.
- Please forward all questions and/or comments to:
NEA-I-IPOG-DL@state.gov



NOTES AND SOURCE CITATIONS (1 of 3)

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 - MNSTC-I Press Release, March 25
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Slide 17

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Slide 22:

- Department of State, NEA/I Economic/Assistance Section, NEA-I-ECON-DL@state.gov
- The chart shows average daily power production in megawatt hours (MWh). 120,000 MWh goal equates to 20 hours at 6000 MW average supplied load or 24 hours at 5000 MW average supply load.

Slide 23:

- Department of State, NEA/I Economic/Assistance Section, NEA-I-ECON-DL@state.gov

Slide 24:

- Department of State, NEA/I Economic/Assistance Section, NEA-I-ECON-DL@state.gov
- Iraqi Bond Prices sourced from Bloomberg

Slide 25:

- ITAO Weekly Status Report – March 27, 2008



NOTES AND SOURCE CITATIONS (3 of 3)

Slide 26:

- http://www.bulletinnews.com/state/index_main.aspx?d=080331&doctype=2&s=52
- <http://abcnews.go.com/International/wireStory?id=4553105>

Slide 27:

- http://news.bbc.co.uk/2/hi/in_depth/7323910.stm

Slide 28:

- DoD Input to Iraq Weekly Status Report April 2, 2008