

ARRANGEMENT

BETWEEN

**THE UNITED STATES NUCLEAR REGULATORY COMMISSION
(USNRC)**

AND

**THE SWISS FEDERAL NUCLEAR SAFETY INSPECTORATE
(HSK)**

**FOR THE EXCHANGE OF TECHNICAL INFORMATION
AND COOPERATION IN NUCLEAR SAFETY MATTERS**

September 18, 2007

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The United States Nuclear Regulatory Commission (hereinafter called the USNRC) and the Swiss Federal Nuclear Safety Inspectorate (hereinafter called the HSK);

Having a mutual interest in a continuing exchange of information pertaining to regulatory matters and of standards required or recommended by their organizations for the regulation of safety and environmental impact of nuclear facilities,

Having similarly cooperated under the terms of a five-year Arrangement for the Exchange of Technical Information and Cooperation in Nuclear Safety Matters, signed on December 9, 1974, between their predecessor agencies, the United States Atomic Energy Commission and the Swiss Federal Office of Energy,

They or their predecessor agencies having already renewed such cooperation for five-year periods on August 10, 1982, September 23, 1987, September 23, 1992, September 30, 1997, and September 18, 2002, and having indicated their mutual desire to continue the cooperation for another five years,

Have agreed as follows:

I SCOPE OF THE ARRANGEMENT

A Technical Information Exchange

To the extent that the USNRC and the HSK are permitted to do so under the laws, regulations, and policy directives of their respective countries, the parties will exchange the following types of technical information relating to the regulation of safety, waste management, and environmental impact of designated nuclear energy facilities and to nuclear safety research programs.

1. Topical reports concerning technical safety, waste management, and environmental effects written by or for one of the parties as a basis for, or in support of, regulatory decisions and policies
2. Documents relating to significant licensing actions and safety and environmental decisions affecting nuclear facilities
3. Detailed documents describing the USNRC process for licensing and regulating certain US facilities designated by the HSK as similar to certain facilities being built or planned in Switzerland and equivalent documents on such Swiss facilities.
4. Reports on operating experience, such as reports on nuclear incidents, accidents, and shutdowns, and compilations of historical reliability data on components and systems
5. Regulatory procedures for the safety, waste management, and environmental impact evaluation of nuclear facilities
6. Early advice on important events, such as serious operating incidents and government-directed reactor shutdowns, that are of immediate interest to the parties
7. Copies of regulatory standards required to be used, or proposed for use, by the regulatory organizations of the parties
8. Information in the field of nuclear safety research which the parties have the right to disclose, either in the possession of one of the parties or available to it, including light water reactor safety information from the technical areas described in Addenda "A" and "B", attached hereto and made a part hereof. Cooperation in research areas may require a separate agreement, if determined to be necessary by the research organizations of one or both of the parties. Each party will transmit immediately to the other information concerning safety research results that requires early attention in the interest of public safety, along with an indication of significant implications

9 Other safety-related matters.

B. Cooperation in Safety Research and Regulation

The execution of joint programs and projects, or those programs and projects under which activities are divided between the two parties, including the use of test facilities and/or computer programs owned by either party, will be agreed upon on a case-by-case basis and may be the subject of a separate agreement, as determined to be necessary by one or both of the parties. Other cooperation will be accomplished by an exchange of letters between the parties, subject at least to the terms and conditions of the present agreement. Technical areas specified by such exchanges of letters may be subsequently modified by mutual consent.

C. Exchange of Regulatory Staff

In order to enhance the exchange of regulatory information and feedback of regulatory experience, regulatory staff may be exchanged for periods of up to two years. Such exchanges will focus on regulatory processes, operating experience, and licensing issues, including the assessment of the safety significance of events, technical specification development, instrumentation and control, advanced reactors, and safety research evaluation.

II ADMINISTRATION

A The exchange of information under this Arrangement will be accomplished through letters, reports, and other documents, and by visits and meetings arranged in advance. Meetings will be held annually, or at such other times as mutually agreed, to review the exchange of information, to recommend revisions to the provisions of the Arrangement, and to discuss topics within the scope of the exchange. The time, place, and agenda for such meetings will be agreed upon in advance. Visits which take place under the Arrangement, including their schedules, will have the prior approval of the administrators referred to in paragraph II B.

B An administrator will be designated by each party to coordinate its participation in the overall exchange. The administrators will be the recipients of all documents transmitted under the exchange, including copies of all letters unless otherwise agreed. Within the terms of the exchange, the administrators will be responsible for developing the scope of the exchange, including agreement on the designation of the nuclear facilities subject to the exchange, and on specific documents and standards to be exchanged. One or more technical coordinators may be appointed as direct contacts for specific disciplinary areas. These technical coordinators will assure that both administrators receive copies of all transmittals. These detailed arrangements are intended to assure, among other things, that a reasonably balanced exchange providing access to equivalent available information from both sides is achieved and maintained.

- C. The administrators will determine the number of copies of the exchanged documents to be provided. Each document will be accompanied by an abstract in English, 250 words or less, describing its scope and content.
- D. Information furnished by one party to the other under this Arrangement will be accurate to the best knowledge and belief of the party supplying the information. However, the application or use of any information exchanged or transferred between the parties under this Arrangement will be the responsibility of the receiving party, and the transmitting party does not warrant the suitability of such information for any particular use or application. The parties make no warranties, whatsoever, for the ability or suitability of any analytical code or other analytical technique to perform in any manner for any particular purpose, or to accomplish any particular task. The parties accept no liability for damages of any type that may result from the use of their codes or other analytical techniques provided under this Arrangement.
- E. Recognizing that some information of the type covered in this Arrangement is not available within the agencies which are parties to this Arrangement, but is available from other agencies of the governments of the parties, each party will assist the other to the maximum extent possible by organizing visits and directing inquiries concerning such information to appropriate agencies of the government concerned. The foregoing shall not constitute a commitment of other agencies to furnish such information or to receive such visitors.
- F. Nothing contained in this Arrangement will require either party to take any action which would be inconsistent with its national laws, regulations, and policy directives. Should any conflict arise between the terms of this Arrangement and those laws, regulations, and policy directives, the parties agree to consult with a view to resolving any such conflict. No information related to proliferation-sensitive technologies will be exchanged under this Arrangement.
- G. Unless otherwise agreed in writing, all costs resulting from cooperation pursuant to this Arrangement will be the responsibility of the party that incurs them. The parties' obligations under this Arrangement are subject to the availability of appropriated funds.

III. EXCHANGE AND USE OF INFORMATION

A. General

The parties support the widest possible dissemination of information provided, created or exchanged under this Arrangement, subject to the requirements of

each party's national laws, regulations and policies and the need to protect proprietary and other sensitive or privileged information, and subject to the provisions of the Intellectual Property Annex, hereby incorporated into this Arrangement

B Definitions

- 1 The term "information" means unclassified nuclear energy-related regulatory, safety, safeguards, waste management, scientific or technical data, including information on results or methods of assessment, research, and any other knowledge provided, created or exchanged under this Arrangement
- 2 The term "proprietary information" means information created or exchanged under this Arrangement which contains trade secrets or other privileged or sensitive commercial information (such that the person having the information may derive a commercial benefit from it or may have a commercial advantage over those who do not have it), and may only include information which.
 - a has been held in confidence by its owner,
 - b is of a type which is customarily held in confidence by its owner,
 - c has not been transmitted by the owner to other entities (including the receiving party) except on the basis that it be held in confidence,
 - d. is not otherwise available to the receiving party from another source without restriction on its further dissemination; and
 - e is not already in the possession of the receiving party.
- 3 The term "other confidential or privileged information" means non-classified information, other than "proprietary information," which has been transmitted and received in confidence under this Arrangement and is protected from public disclosure under the laws, regulations, or policies of the country of the party providing the information, or is otherwise restricted by the provider

C. Marking Procedures for Documentary Proprietary Information

A party receiving documentary proprietary information pursuant to this Arrangement will respect the privileged nature of such information, provided that such proprietary information is clearly marked with the following (or substantially similar) restrictive legend.

“This document contains proprietary information furnished in confidence under an Arrangement dated September 18, 2007 between the United States Nuclear Regulatory Commission and the Swiss Federal Nuclear Safety Inspectorate and will not be disseminated outside these organizations, their consultants, contractors, and licensees, or concerned departments and agencies of the Government of the United States and the Government of Switzerland, without the prior written approval of (name of transmitting party). This notice will be marked on each page of any reproduction hereof, in whole or in part. These limitations will automatically terminate when the proprietary information is disclosed by the owner without restriction.”

This restrictive legend shall be respected by the parties to this Arrangement. Proprietary information bearing this restrictive legend shall not be made public or otherwise disseminated in any manner unspecified or contrary to the terms of this Arrangement without the prior written consent of the transmitting party. Proprietary information bearing this restrictive legend shall not be used by the receiving party or its contractors and consultants for any commercial purposes without the prior written consent of the transmitting party.

D. Dissemination of Documentary Proprietary Information

1. In general, proprietary information received under this Arrangement may be disseminated by the receiving party without prior consent to persons within or employed by the receiving party, and to concerned Government departments and Government agencies in the country of the receiving party, provided
 - a. such dissemination is made on a case-by-case basis to persons or departments and agencies having a legitimate need for the proprietary information, and
 - b. such proprietary information shall bear the restrictive legend appearing in Section III C of this Arrangement
2. Proprietary information received under this Arrangement may be disseminated by the receiving party without prior consent to contractors and consultants of the receiving party located within the geographical limits of that party's nation, provided:
 - a. that the proprietary information is used by such contractors and consultants only for work within the scope of their contracts with the receiving party relating to the subject matter of the

proprietary information, and shall not be used by such contractors and consultants for any other private commercial purposes, and

- b. that such dissemination is made on a case-by-case basis to contractors and consultants having a legitimate need for the proprietary information and who have executed a non-disclosure agreement, and
- c. that such proprietary information shall bear the restrictive legend appearing in Section III.C. of this Arrangement.

3 With the prior written consent of the party furnishing proprietary information under this Arrangement, the receiving party may disseminate such proprietary information more widely than otherwise permitted under the terms set forth in this Arrangement. The parties will endeavor to grant such approval to the extent permitted by their respective national laws, regulations and policies, provided

- a. that the entities receiving proprietary information under Section III D 3 of this Arrangement, including domestic organizations permitted or licensed by the receiving party to construct or operate nuclear production or utilization facilities, or to use nuclear and materials radiation sources, have a legitimate need for the proprietary information and have executed a non-disclosure agreement; and
- b. that the entities receiving proprietary information under Section III D 3 of this Arrangement, including domestic organizations permitted or licensed by the receiving party to construct or operate nuclear production or utilization facilities, shall not use such proprietary information for any private commercial purposes; and
- c. that those entities receiving proprietary information under Section III D 3. of this Arrangement that are domestic organizations permitted or licensed by the receiving party, agree to use the proprietary information only for activities carried out under or within the terms of their specific permit or license

E Marking Procedures for Other Confidential or Privileged Information of a Documentary Nature

A party receiving under this Arrangement other confidential or privileged information will respect its confidential nature, provided such information is

clearly marked so as to indicate its confidential or privileged nature and is accompanied by a statement indicating:

1. that the information is protected from public disclosure by the government of the transmitting party; and
2. that the information is transmitted under the condition that it be maintained in confidence.

F. Dissemination of Other Confidential or Privileged Information of a Documentary Nature

Other confidential or privileged information may be disseminated in the same manner as that set forth in Section III D, "Dissemination of Documentary Proprietary Information "

G. Non-Documentary Proprietary or Other Confidential or Privileged Information

Non-documentary proprietary or other confidential or privileged information provided in seminars and other meetings organized under this Arrangement, or information arising from the attachments of staff, use of facilities, or joint projects, will be treated by the parties according to the principles specified for documentary information in this Arrangement, provided, however, that the party communicating such proprietary or other confidential or privileged information has placed the recipient on notice as to the character of the information communicated

H. Consultation

If, for any reason, one of the parties becomes aware that it will be, or may reasonably be expected to become, unable to meet the non-dissemination provisions of this Arrangement, it will immediately inform the other party. The parties will thereafter consult to define an appropriate course of action

I. Other

Nothing contained in this Arrangement will preclude a party from using or disseminating information received without restriction by a party from sources outside of this Arrangement

J. Dispute Resolution

Cooperation under this Arrangement will be governed by the laws and regulations of the respective countries. Any dispute or question between the

parties concerning the interpretation or application of this Arrangement arising during its term will be settled by mutual agreement of the parties

IV FINAL PROVISIONS

- A. This Arrangement will enter into force upon signature and, subject to paragraph B of this Section, will remain in force for a period of five (5) years. It may be extended for a further period of time by agreement of the parties.
- B. Either party may withdraw from the Arrangement after providing the other party written notice 180 days prior to its intended date of withdrawal
- C. All information protected by provisions of this Arrangement as proprietary or other confidential or privileged information will remain so protected for the duration of this Arrangement and after this Arrangement has expired or been terminated, unless otherwise agreed by the parties in writing

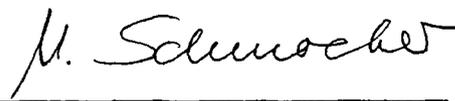
DONE at Vienna on this 18th day of September 2007

FOR THE NUCLEAR REGULATORY
COMMISSION OF THE UNITED STATES



Dale E. Klein, Chairman

FOR THE SWISS FEDERAL NUCLEAR
SAFETY INSPECTORATE



Ulrich Schmocker, Director

ADDENDUM "A"

Areas in Which the USNRC Is Performing or Sponsoring Nuclear Safety Research

1. Reactor Vessel and Piping Integrity
2. Aging of Reactor Components
3. Reactor Equipment Qualification
4. Thermal Hydraulic Code Applications and Maintenance
5. Plant Performance
6. Human Performance
7. Core Melt and Reactor Coolant System Failure
8. Reactor Containment Safety
9. Containment Structural Integrity
10. Seismic Safety
11. Probabilistic Risk Assessment
12. Severe Accident Analysis
13. Radiation Protection and Health Effects
14. Radionuclide Transport and Waste Management
15. Nuclear Fuel Analysis
16. Dry Cask Storage and Transport
17. Decommissioning
18. Advanced Reactor Designs
19. Fire Protection

ADDENDUM "B"

Areas in Which the HSK Is Performing or Sponsoring Nuclear Safety Research

- 1 Safety Performance of Nuclear Power Plants
- 2 Integrity (As, for Example, Aging and Corrosion) of Reactor Components and Structures
3. Severe and Traditional Accident Analyses and Issues
4. Accident Management and Diagnostic
5. Radiation Protection-Related Research
6. Activities Related to Regulatory Effectiveness and Innovative Regulatory Decision-Making Approaches

INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ADDENDUM

Pursuant to Section III of this Arrangement.

The parties shall ensure adequate and effective protection of intellectual property created or furnished under this Arrangement and relevant implementing arrangements. The parties agree to notify one another in a timely fashion of any inventions or copyrighted works arising under this Arrangement and to seek protection for such intellectual property in a timely fashion. Rights to such intellectual property shall be allocated as provided in this Addendum.

I SCOPE

- 1 This Addendum is applicable to all cooperative activities undertaken pursuant to this Arrangement, except as otherwise specifically agreed by the parties or their designees.
- 2 For purposes of this Arrangement, "intellectual property" shall have the meaning found in Article 2 of the Convention Establishing the World Intellectual Property Organization, done at Stockholm, July 14, 1967, and may include other subject matter as agreed by the parties.
- 3 This Addendum addresses the allocation of rights, interests, and royalties between the parties. Each party shall ensure that the other party can obtain rights to intellectual property allocated in accordance with the Addendum by obtaining those rights from its own participants through contracts or other legal means, if necessary. This Addendum does not otherwise alter or prejudice the allocation between a party and its nationals, which shall be determined by that party's laws and practices.
4. Disputes concerning intellectual property arising under this Arrangement should be resolved through discussions between the concerned participating institutions or, if necessary, the parties or their designees. Upon mutual agreement of the parties, a dispute shall be submitted to an arbitral tribunal for binding arbitration in accordance with the applicable rules of international law. Unless the parties or their designees agree otherwise in writing, the arbitration rules of the United Nations Commission on International Trade Law (UNCITRAL) shall govern.
- 5 Termination or expiration of this Arrangement shall not affect rights or obligations under this Addendum.

II ALLOCATION OF RIGHTS

- 1 Each party shall be entitled to a non-exclusive, irrevocable, royalty-free license in all countries to translate, reproduce, and publicly distribute scientific and technical journal articles, reports, and books directly arising from cooperation under this Arrangement. All publicly distributed copies of copyrighted work prepared under this provision shall indicate the names of the authors of the work unless an author explicitly declines to be named
- 2 Rights to all forms of intellectual property, other than those rights described in Section II.1 , above, shall be allocated as follows
 - a. Visiting researchers, for example, scientists visiting primarily in furtherance of their education, shall receive intellectual property rights under the policies of the host institution. In addition, each visiting researcher named as an inventor shall be entitled to share in a portion of any royalties earned by the host institution from the licensing of such intellectual property
 - b.
 - (1) For intellectual property created during joint research, for example, when the parties, participating institutions, or participating personnel have agreed in advance on the scope of work, each party shall be entitled to obtain all rights and interests in its own country. Rights and interests in third countries will be determined in implementing arrangements. If research is not designated as "joint research," rights to intellectual property arising from the research will be allocated in accordance with paragraph II 2 a , above. In addition, each person named as an inventor shall be entitled to share in a portion of any royalties earned by either institution from the licensing of the property
 - (2) Notwithstanding paragraph II.2 b (1), above, if a type of intellectual property is available under the laws of one party but not of the other party, the party whose laws provide for this type of protection shall be entitled to all rights and interests worldwide. Persons named as inventors of the property shall nonetheless be entitled to royalties as provided in paragraph II 2 b (1), above

III BUSINESS CONFIDENTIAL

In the event that information identified in a timely fashion as business-confidential is furnished or created under this Arrangement, each Party and its participants shall protect such information in accordance with applicable laws, regulations, and administrative practices. Information may be identified as "business-confidential" if a person having the information may derive an economic benefit from it or may obtain a competitive advantage over those who do not have it, the information is not generally known or publicly available from other sources, and the owner has not previously made the information available without imposing in a timely manner an obligation to keep it confidential.