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## ZAMBIA

On October 24, 1964, Zambia (former Northern Rhodesia) became an independent state. In a note dated September 1, 1965 to the Secretary General of the United Nations, the Minister of Foreign Affairs of Zambia made a Declaration reading in part as follows:

"I have the honour to inform you that the Government of Zambia, conscious of the desirability of maintaining existing legal relationships, and conscious of its obligations under international law to honour its treaty commitments acknowledges that many treaty rights and obligations of the Government of the United Kingdom in respect of Northern Rhodesia were succeeded to by Zambia upon independence by virtue of customary international law.

"Since, however, it is likely that in virtue of customary international law certain treaties may have lapsed at the date of independence of Zambia, it seems essential that each treaty should be subjected to legal examination. It is proposed after this examination has been completed, to indicate which, if any, of the treaties which may have lapsed by customary international law the Government of Zambia wishes to treat as having lapsed.

"The question of Zambia's succession to treaties is complicated by legal questions arising from the entrustment of external affairs powers to the former Federation of Rhodesia and Nyasaland. Until these questions have been resolved it will remain unclear to what extent Zambia remains affected by the treaties contracted by the former Federation.

"It is desired that it be presumed that each treaty has been legally succeeded to by Zambia and that action be based on this presumption until a decision is reached that it should be regarded as having lapsed. Should the Government of Zambia be of the opinion that it has legally succeeded to a treaty, and wishes to terminate the operation of the treaty, it will in due course give notice of termination in the terms thereof."

### AGRICULTURAL COMMODITIES

Agricultural commodities agreement. Signed at Lusaka August 24, 1976; entered into force August 24, 1976.  
27 UST 3451; TIAS 8377.

Agricultural commodities agreement, with minutes. Signed at Lusaka December 3, 1976; entered into force December 3, 1976.  
28 UST 8768; TIAS 8771; 1095 UNTS 129.

Agricultural commodities agreement. Signed at Lusaka August 4, 1978; entered into force August 4, 1978.  
TIAS 10590; 1871 UNTS 23.

Amendment:  
September 11 and 12, 1978 (TIAS 10590; 1871 UNTS 23).

Related agreements:  
July 19, 1979 (TIAS 10591; 1871 UNTS 25).  
December 21, 1979 (TIAS 10592; 1871 UNTS 27).  
July 22, 1981 (TIAS 10593; 1871 UNTS 29).  
June 20, 1982 (TIAS 10594; 1871 UNTS 31).  
July 16, 1982 (TIAS 10594; 1871 UNTS 31).  
February 18, 1983 (TIAS 10662).

Agricultural commodities agreement. Signed at Lusaka July 17, 1984; entered into force July 17, 1984.  
NP

Agricultural commodities agreement. Signed at Lusaka July 9, 1985; entered into force July 9, 1985.  
NP

Related agreements:  
May 23, 1986 (NP).  
July 27, 1987 (NP).

Agricultural commodities agreement. Signed at Lusaka April 25, 1988; entered into force April 25, 1988.  
NP

Related agreement:  
March 10, 1989 (NP).

### AVIATION

Arrangement between the United States and the United Kingdom relating to pilot licenses to operate civil aircraft. Exchange of notes at Washington March 28 and April 5, 1935; entered into force May 5, 1935.  
49 Stat. 3731; EAS 77; 12 Bevans 513; 162 UNTS 59.

Agreement between the United States and the United Kingdom relating to air services. Signed at Bermuda February 11, 1946; entered into force February 11, 1946.  
60 Stat. 1499; TIAS 1507; 12 Bevans 726; 3 UNTS 253.

Agreement on civil aviation security. Exchange of notes at Lusaka February 16 and March 28, 1988; entered into force March 28, 1988.  
TIAS 11573; 2185 UNTS 299.

### CONSULS

Consular convention between the United States and the United Kingdom. Signed at Washington June 6, 1951; entered into force September 7, 1952.  
3 UST 3426; TIAS 2494; 165 UNTS 121.

### COPYRIGHT (See APPENDIX A)

### DEFENSE

Agreement concerning the provision of training related to defense articles under the United States International Military, Education and Training (IMET) Program. Exchange of notes at Lusaka March 9, 1992; entered into force March 9, 1992.  
NP

### ECONOMIC AND TECHNICAL COOPERATION

Economic cooperation agreement between the United States and the United Kingdom. Signed at London July 6, 1948; applicable to Zambia July 20, 1948.  
62 Stat. 2596; TIAS 1795; 12 Bevans 874; 22 UNTS 263.

Amendments:  
January 3, 1950 (1 UST 184; TIAS 2036; 86 UNTS 304).  
May 25, 1951 (2 UST 1292; TIAS 2277; 99 UNTS 308).  
February 25, 1953 (4 UST 1528; TIAS 2815; 172 UNTS 332).

Agreement for technical cooperation in respect of the territories for the international relations of which the Government of the United Kingdom are responsible. Signed at London July 13, 1951; applicable to Federation of Rhodesia and Nyasaland April 8, 1960.  
2 UST 1307; TIAS 2281; 105 UNTS 71.

Agency for International Development:  
December 3, 1976 (28 UST 8751; TIAS 8770; 1095 UNTS 101).  
March 30, 1978 (30 UST 1889; TIAS 9299; 1170 UNTS 65).  
September 27, 1985 (NP).

### EMPLOYMENT

Agreement relating to the employment of dependents of official government employees. Exchange of notes at Lusaka June 26, 1989 and January 4, 1990; entered into force January 4, 1990.  
TIAS

### EXTRADITION

Extradition treaty between the United States and the United Kingdom. Signed at London December 22, 1931; entered into force June 24, 1935.  
47 Stat. 2122; TS 849; 12 Bevans 482; 163 LNTS 59.

**ZAMBIA (Cont'd)****FINANCE**

Agreement regarding the consolidation and re-scheduling of certain debts owed to, or guaranteed by the United States Government and its agencies, with annexes. Signed at Lusaka December 19, 1983; entered into force February 10, 1984.  
35 UST 4387; TIAS 10941.

Agreement regarding the consolidation and re-scheduling of certain debts owed to, guaranteed by or insured by the United States Government and its agencies, with annexes and implementing agreement. Signed at Lusaka December 15, 1984; entered into force January 22, 1985.  
TIAS 11002; 2022 UNTS 75.

Agreement regarding the consolidation and re-scheduling of certain debts owed to, guaranteed by or insured by the United States Government and its agencies. Signed at Lusaka July 25, 1986; entered into force August 28, 1986.  
NP

Agreement regarding the consolidation and re-scheduling of certain debts owed to, guaranteed by or insured by the United States Government and its agencies, with annexes. Signed at Lusaka September 14, 1990; entered into force November 5, 1990.  
NP

Agreement regarding the consolidation and re-scheduling or refinancing of certain debts owed to, guaranteed by or insured by the U.S. Government and its agencies, with annexes and addendum. Signed at Lusaka March 23, 1993; entered into force August 11, 1993.  
NP

Agreement regarding the consolidation, reduction, and rescheduling of certain debts owed to, guaranteed by, or insured by the United States Government and its agency, with annexes. Signed at Lusaka September 26, 1997; entered into force December 3, 1997.  
NP

Investment incentive agreement. Signed at Lusaka June 23, 1999; entered into force July 2, 1999.  
TIAS

Agreement regarding the reduction, consolidation, and rescheduling of certain debts owed to, guaranteed by, or insured by the United States Government and its Agency, with annexes. Signed at Lusaka November 19, 1999; entered into force February 23, 2000.  
NP

Agreement regarding the consolidation and reduction of certain debts owed to, guaranteed by, or insured by the United States Government and its agencies, with annexes. Signed at

Lusaka November 3, 2003; entered into force December 17, 2003.  
NP

**INTERNATIONAL CRIMINAL COURT**

Agreement regarding the surrender of persons to international tribunals. Signed at Lusaka July 1, 2003; entered into force July 2, 2003.  
TIAS

**MUTUAL SECURITY**

Agreement relating to the assurances required under the Mutual Security Act of 1951. Exchange of notes at London January 8, 1952; entered into force January 8, 1952.  
3 UST 4665; TIAS 2622; 126 UNTS 307.

**POSTAL MATTERS**

International express mail agreement, with detailed regulations. Signed at Ndola and Washington April 25 and May 16, 1988; entered into force June 15, 1988.  
TIAS 11589.

**PROPERTY**

Convention between the United States and the United Kingdom relating to tenure and disposition of real and personal property. Signed at Washington March 2, 1899; applicable to Zambia May 29, 1947.  
31 Stat. 1939; TS 146; 12 Bevans 246.

Supplementary convention relating to the tenure and disposition of real and personal property of March 2, 1899. Signed at Washington May 27, 1936; entered into force March 10, 1941.  
55 Stat. 1101; TS 964; 5 Bevans 140; 203 LNTS 367.

**SCIENTIFIC COOPERATION**

Memorandum of understanding concerning scientific and technical cooperation in the earth sciences, with annexes. Signed at Reston and Lusaka September 9 and 23, 2002; entered into force September 23, 2002.  
TIAS

**TRADE-MARKS**

Declaration by the United States and the United Kingdom affording reciprocal protection to trade-marks. Signed at London October 24, 1877; entered into force October 24, 1877.  
20 Stat. 703; TS 138; 12 Bevans 198.

**ZIMBABWE**

On April 18, 1980, Zimbabwe became an independent state. In a note dated February 24, 1981 to the Secretary General of the United Nations, the Prime Minister made a statement reading in part as follows:

“My Government will continue to apply within its territory, on the basis of the principles of reciprocity and mutual respect for sovereign independence, all bilateral treaties validly concluded or recognised by the United Kingdom Government in respect of Southern Rhodesia for a period of three years from the date of independence, i.e. 18th April, 1980, unless such treaties are terminated or modified earlier by mutual consent. It is the intention of my Government during such period to subject all bilateral treaties to full examination for the purpose of determining whether such treaties require termination, revision or renegotiation in the light of Zimbabwe’s sovereign status. It is the earnest hope of my Government that during the aforementioned period the normal processes of diplomatic negotiation will enable it to reach satisfactory accord with the States concerned upon the possibility of the continuance, modification or termination of such treaties.

“At the end of the three year period referred to above my Government will regard such treaties whose continuance or modification have not been agreed as having terminated.

“As regards multilateral treaties validly concluded or recognised by the United Kingdom Government in respect of Southern Rhodesia, my Government proposes to review at least some of those treaties during a period of six years from the date of independence, i.e. 18th April, 1980. It will indicate to the depositaries in each case of review whether the Republic of Zimbabwe will confirm, seek to modify or terminate its obligations under the treaty concerned. During such period of review any party to a multilateral treaty which was validly applied or extended to Southern Rhodesia may, on the basis of reciprocity and respect for national independence, rely on the terms of such treaty until it is modified or terminated. At the expiration of the period of review treaties as modified, or which have not been terminated, shall continue fully in force as if they had been concluded by the Republic of Zimbabwe.”

By note of April 14, 1983 to the Secretary-General of the United Nations, the Government of Zimbabwe extended the period of review of bilateral treaties to April 18, 1984. This period of review was further extended by a note dated April 11, 1984 in which the Prime Minister notified the Secretary General that “. . . my Government will continue to apply within its territory all such bilateral treaties until the 18th April 1985, unless terminated earlier or modified by mutual consent. Thereafter my Government will regard those treaties whose continuance or modification has not been agreed upon as having terminated.”

**ZIMBABWE (Cont'd)**

In a further letter to the Secretary-General, received February 20, 1985, the Prime Minister stated in part:

“During the past four years my Government has reviewed all such bilateral treaties as were available to it or were brought to its attention and has also concluded a number of bilateral treaties with other governments with the effect that these instruments have superseded some of the earlier ones. It has become evident to my Government that many contracting parties prefer to enter into new arrangements with my Government rather than revive those treaties whose operations might have been suspended or terminated between 1965 and 1979 or which are now considered to be obsolete in the conduct of present-day international relations.

“Whilst it has not been practicable for my Government to re-negotiate and finalise all such agreements on which a willingness to keep and maintain them in force was mutually indicated by my Government and other contracting parties, my Government has reached the stage at which it considers that legal continuity between itself and Other Contracting States has been achieved with an understanding either to revive, modify, re-negotiate, terminate or adopt such bilateral treaties and, accordingly, my Government now wishes to inform Your Excellency, and through you all Member States of the United Nations Organisation as follows:

“All bilateral treaties that were validly concluded or recognised by the United Kingdom Government in respect of Southern Rhodesia and continued to be applied and respected by my Government pursuant to the declaration aforementioned will now expire on 18 April 1985, UNLESS:

“(i) Either my Government has already communicated to the other contracting party its intention to maintain the continuance in force of the treaty or the process of re-negotiating its terms and provisions has been agreed upon; or

“(ii) The other contracting party notifies my Government before 18 April 1985 through normal diplomatic channels of its intention either to keep and maintain the continuance in force of the treaty concerned or to re-negotiate its terms and provisions, in which case, my Government will consider itself bound by that Treaty.”

The United States presented Zimbabwe by diplomatic note of April 17, 1985 a list of international agreements which the Government of the United States intended to maintain in force.

**AGRICULTURAL  
COMMODITIES**

Agricultural commodities agreement. Signed at Harare April 1, 1985; entered into force April 1, 1985.  
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**AVIATION**

Agreement between the United States and the United Kingdom concerning air services, with annexes and exchange of letters. Signed at Bermuda July 23, 1977; entered into force July 23, 1977.  
28 UST 5367; TIAS 8641.

Amendments:  
April 25, 1978 (29 UST 2680; TIAS 8965).  
December 27, 1979 (32 UST 524; TIAS 9722).

**CONSULS**

Consular convention between the United States and the United Kingdom. Signed at Washington June 6, 1951; entered into force September 7, 1952.  
3 UST 3426; TIAS 2494; 165 UNTS 121.

**COPYRIGHT (See APPENDIX A)****DEFENSE**

Agreement concerning the provision of training related to defense articles under the United States International Military Education and Training (IMET) Program. Exchange of notes at Harare September 2 and 17, 1981; entered into force September 17, 1981.  
35 UST 2319; TIAS 10791.

**ECONOMIC AND TECHNICAL  
COOPERATION**

General agreement for economic, technical, and related assistance. Exchange of notes at Salisbury February 10 and March 22, 1982; entered into force March 22, 1982.  
34 UST 194; TIAS 10348; 1557 UNTS 51.

Agency for International Development:  
April 7, 1982 (33 UST 4312; TIAS 10302).

**EMPLOYMENT**

Agreement relating to the employment of dependents of official government employees. Exchange of notes at Harare February 7, 1991 and March 7, 1992; entered into force March 7, 1992.  
TIAS 11857.

**EXTRADITION**

Extradition treaty. Signed at Harare July 25, 1997; entered into force April 26, 2000.  
TIAS

**FINANCE**

Investment incentive agreement. Signed at Harare June 20, 1990; entered into force June 20, 1990.  
TIAS 12097.

**PEACE CORPS**

Agreement relating to the establishment of a Peace Corps in Zimbabwe. Signed at Harare March 18, 1991; entered into force March 18, 1991.  
TIAS 12114.

**POSTAL MATTERS**

International express mail agreement, with detailed regulations. Signed at Harare and Washington February 15 and March 9, 1988; entered into force April 1, 1988.  
TIAS 11569.

**PROPERTY**

Convention relating to tenure and disposition of real and personal property. Signed at Washington March 2, 1899; applicable to Southern Rhodesia July 27, 1901.  
31 Stat. 1939; TS 146; 12 Bevans 246.

Supplementary convention relating to the tenure and disposition of real and personal property. Signed at Washington May 27, 1936; entered into force March 10, 1941.  
55 Stat. 1101; TS 964; 5 Bevans 140; 203 LNTS 367.

**SCIENTIFIC COOPERATION**

Agreement for scientific and technical cooperation. Signed at Salisbury September 25, 1980; entered into force September 25, 1980.  
32 UST 4543; TIAS 9967; 1267 UNTS 243.

**TRADE-MARKS**

Declaration by the United States and the United Kingdom affording reciprocal protection to trade-marks. Signed at London October 24, 1877; entered into force October 24, 1877.  
20 Stat. 703; TS 138; 12 Bevans 198.