

## Family Member Employment

## **Bilateral Work Agreements**

Historically, Foreign Service family members have been limited to working within the Mission or volunteering while at post due to their diplomatic or consular status. To increase family member's employment opportunities bilateral work agreements (treaties) are established between the United States and an individual country. These work agreements enable accredited spouses and dependent children of U.S. Government employees assigned to official duty at an Embassy or Consulate in one of these countries to seek employment on the local economy. Same-sex spouses and partners should contact post HR to learn if they are eligible for work permits.

ALBANIA 4 **ANDORRA** ANTIGUA AND BARBUDA **ARGENTINA ARMENIA AUSTRIA AUSTRALIA AZERBAIJAN** BAHAMAS 1 **BAHRAIN** BARBADOS 1 **BELARUS BELGIUM 5 BENIN BHUTAN BOLIVIA** 

**BOSNIA-HERZEGOVINA BOTSWANA BRAZIL** BULGARIA **CAMEROON** 

CANADA 4 REPUBLIC OF CAPE VERDE

**CHAD** COLOMBIA 2 **COMOROS COSTA RICA CROATIA CYPRUS** 

**CZECH REPUBLIC** 

DEMOCRATIC REPUBLIC OF THE

CONGO (Kinshasa) **DENMARK 4** DJIBOUTI **ECUADOR EL SALVADOR EQUATORIAL GUINEA** 

**ESTONIA** 4 **ETHIOPIA** FIJI **FINLAND GABON** 

THE GAMBIA **GEORGIA GERMANY 5 GHANA GREECE 1 GRENADA GUATEMALA GUINEA BISSAU GUYANA HONDURAS** 

HUNGARY INDIA 2 **IRELAND ISRAEL** 

ITALY (includes The Holy See)2

JAMAICA<sup>2</sup> **KAZAKHSTAN KOSOVO KUWAIT** 

KYRGYZ REPUBLIC

**LATVIA LIBERIA** LIECHTENSTEIN LITHUANIA 4 **LUXEMBOURG** MACEDONIA 2 **MADAGASCAR MALAWI** MALAYSIA 3 MALI **MALTA MAURITIUS MOLDOVA** 

MONACO **MONGOLIA MONTENEGRO MOROCCO NAMIBIA NAURU NEPAL NETHERLANDS 4 NEW ZEALAND** 

**NICARAGUA NIGERIA NORWAY 4 PAKISTAN PANAMA PERU PHILIPPINES POLAND** 

REPUBLIC OF THE CONGO (Brazzaville)

**ROMANIA RWANDA** 

**PORTUGAL** 

SAINT KITTS AND NEVIS SAINT VINCENT AND THE GRENADINES

SAMOA **SAN MARINO SENEGAL** SERBIA SIERRA LEONE **SLOVAK REPUBLIC SLOVENIA** 

**SOMALIA** SPAIN 5 **SRI LANKA SWEDEN SWITZERLAND TAJIKISTAN** 

TANZANIA (suspended)

TIMOR-LESTE TRINIDAD/TOBAGO TURKEY 2,3

TURKMENISTAN **UGANDA UKRAINE** 

**UNITED KINGDOM 4** 

**URUGUAY VENEZUELA** YEMEN **ZAMBIA ZIMBABWE** 

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Limited number of family members permitted to work

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Offer of employment required

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Restricted employment fields

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> NATO dependents also included



## **Family Member Employment**

## **De Facto Reciprocal Work Arrangements**

On the basis of de facto reciprocity established by precedent, accredited spouses and dependent children of U.S. Government employees assigned to official duty at an Embassy or Consulate in the following countries may apply through specified channels for a permit to work.

**BANGLADESH JAPAN BELIZE JORDAN BURKINA FASO KENYA** (suspended) **BURUNDI LEBANON CENTRAL AFRICAN REPUBLIC LESOTHO CHILE MAURITANIA COTE D'IVOIRE MEXICO MICRONESIA EGYPT** FRANCE 6 **NIGER GUINEA PAPUA NEW GUINEA** 

HAITI PARAGUAY
HONG KONG RUSSIA
ICELAND SEYCHELLES

SINGAPORE SOUTH AFRICA SOUTH KOREA SUDAN SURINAME SWAZILAND TAIWAN TOGO

TUNISIA UNITED ARAB EMIRATES

Family members who work on the local economy without authorization are probably working illegally and may be putting themselves and their missions at risk. The Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Relations and the Vienna Convention on Consular Relations requires individuals who receive privileges and immunities from the receiving state to respect the laws and regulations. Likewise, 3 FAM 4125(a)(1) provides that family members can work on the local economy only when doing so would be consistent with local law. This provision implements 22 U.S.C. § 2699(b), which provides in part that family members of FSOs may accept employment in a foreign country unless such employment would violate US or local law. It is critical for EFMs to seek <a href="Chief of Mission approval">Chief of Mission approval</a> <sup>7</sup> whenever a family member considers working outside the mission.

**NOTE:** Documentation required to make application for a work permit under de facto reciprocal work arrangements governed by INS regulations 8 C.F.R. 214.2(a)(2) and 8 C.F.R. 214.2(g):

- (1) Letter from the potential employer describing the job and salary;
- (2) Form I 566:
- (3) Form I 765.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> BWA approval pending French Legislature by 06/2020

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>7</sup> www.state.gov/wp-content/uploads/2019/05/Approval-Action-Memo-Updated-June-2017.pdf