PEPFAR supported life-saving antiretroviral treatment for 20.47 million men, women, and children, as of Sept. 30, 2023. Viral load testing coverage and suppression among people on treatment continues to increase for adults and children. In fiscal year 2023 (FY 2023), 96% of adults and 88% of children were virally suppressed.

PEPFAR supported 1.95 million people to newly enroll for antiretroviral pre-exposure prophylaxis (PrEP) to prevent HIV infection in FY 2023. Uptake of PrEP increased from 1.5 million new PrEP enrollments in FY 2022.

PEPFAR directly supported more than 327,000 health workers to deliver quality HIV-related prevention, treatment, and supportive services in clinics and communities in FY 2023.

In FY 2023, 2.5 million adolescent girls and young women were reached through DREAMS HIV prevention services.

Recent surveys show major progress in the PEPFAR-supported countries of Tanzania and South Africa. Tanzania’s survey found 83% of people ages 15 and older living with HIV are aware of their status, 98% of those who are aware of their status are on treatment, and 94% of those on treatment are virally suppressed. Further, 78% of people ages 15+ living with HIV have undetectable levels of the virus - up from 52% in 2017. South Africa’s survey shows similarly remarkable outcomes - 90% of people ages 15+ aware of their status, 91% of those aware of their status on treatment, and 94% of those on treatment virally suppressed. Among people ages 15+ living with HIV in South Africa in 2022, 81% had viral load suppression - a remarkable improvement from 62% in 2017.

PEPFAR has provided 32.5 million voluntary medical male circumcisions in East and Southern Africa to help prevent new HIV infections since 2007. Uptake for the procedure rebounded in the past year after a decline since onset of the COVID-19 pandemic.

Using FY 2023 results in 12 high-disease burden countries, PEPFAR projects from 2024-2030 to prevent at least 5.2 million AIDS-related deaths and 6.4 million new HIV infections (including 1 million new infections among children), as well as prevent more than 4 million children from being orphaned due to AIDS. If the program was halted, AIDS-related deaths in these countries are projected to increase rapidly by more than 400% by 2030 and the number of children orphaned due to AIDS could double.