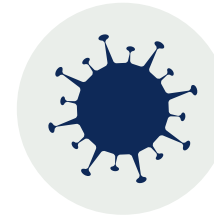




COTE D'IVOIRE



The U.S. has partnered with Côte d'Ivoire on Global Health Security since 2015.



Côte d'Ivoire is at risk for epidemic prone infectious disease threats, including hemorrhagic fevers, zoonotic influenza, and brucellosis.



First Joint External Evaluation (JEE) conducted in 2016 and follow-up in 2023.

The U.S. Government (USG) GHS Program in Côte d'Ivoire

The U.S. partners with the Government of Côte d'Ivoire to strengthen the country's capacities to prevent, detect, and respond to infectious disease threats.

USG's Global Health Security investments also support stronger, more resilient health systems, including training human and animal health workers, strengthening laboratories, and bolstering surveillance systems. These investments support and build on those made by the Government of Côte d'Ivoire, in coordination with other partners and stakeholders.

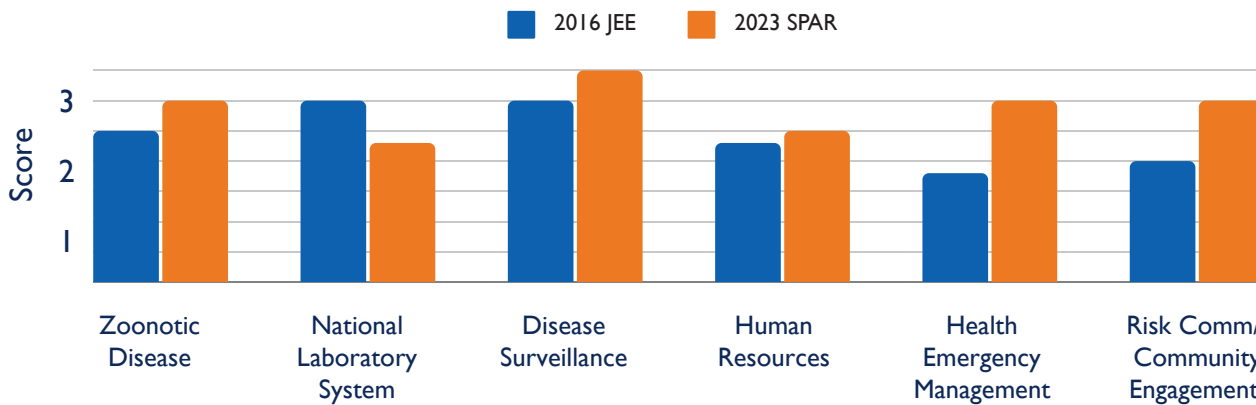
Current and planned GHS activities reflect national priorities, build on best available data, and align with the country context and the health system.

CÔTE D'IVOIRE

Impact of GHS Investments

Côte d'Ivoire has made significant progress strengthening its health security. The Joint External Evaluation (JEE) is a voluntary external assessment of health security capacities conducted approximately every 4-5 years while the States Party Annual Report (SPAR) is an annual self-assessment of these capacities conducted by the governments themselves. The chart below estimates the progress made in the technical areas endorsed by the Government of Côte d'Ivoire for U.S. GHS collaboration.

Côte d'Ivoire GHS Capacity Scores Over Time*



*These tools provide the best approximation of GHS capacities though they use different methodologies. As a result direct comparisons may have limitations.

Notable Achievements with U.S. Support

- One Health platform operationalized to reinforce multisectoral preparedness and response coordination
- Rumor Management System established with national reach; regularly triangulates data from multiple sources to adjust communications
- Logistic Information Management System launched at the national biochemistry lab with aim of nationwide veterinary lab connectivity.
- Integration of COVID-19 surveillance into the influenza sentinel surveillance system to identify & stop outbreaks.
- Training conducted on antimicrobial resistance (AMR) for 60 clinicians from five regional public health hospitals. AMR detection is now conducted in nine regional public health hospitals.
- Implementation of all three levels of the Field Epidemiology Training Program (FETP), with all districts having at least one FETP trained personnel and on-going training and development of the 411 FETP graduates in country
- 2,276 pre-service and in-service professionals trained, including through fellowships and other educational offerings in One Health related topics.

Priority Technical Areas Endorsed by the Government of Côte d'Ivoire for U.S. GHS Investments



Zoonotic Disease



National Laboratory System



Disease Surveillance



Human Resources



Health Emergency Management



Risk Comm/Community Engagement

Additional areas of investments include: Antimicrobial Resistance, Biosafety & Biosecurity, Immunization, Infection Prevention & Control, Points of Entry