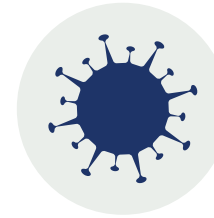




MOZAMBIQUE



The U.S. has partnered with Mozambique on Global Health Security (GHS) since 2022.



Mozambique is at risk for epidemic-prone infectious diseases, including cholera, polio, influenza, viral hemorrhagic fevers, and rabies.



First Joint External Evaluation (JEE) conducted in 2016.

The U.S. Government (USG) GHS Program in Mozambique

The U.S. partners with the Government of Mozambique to strengthen the country's capacities to prevent, detect, and respond to infectious disease threats.

USG's Global Health Security investments also support stronger, more resilient health systems, including training human and animal health workers, strengthening laboratories, and bolstering disease surveillance systems. These investments support and build on those made by the Government of Mozambique in coordination with other partners and stakeholders.

Current and planned GHS activities reflect national priorities, build on best available data, and align with the country context and the health system.

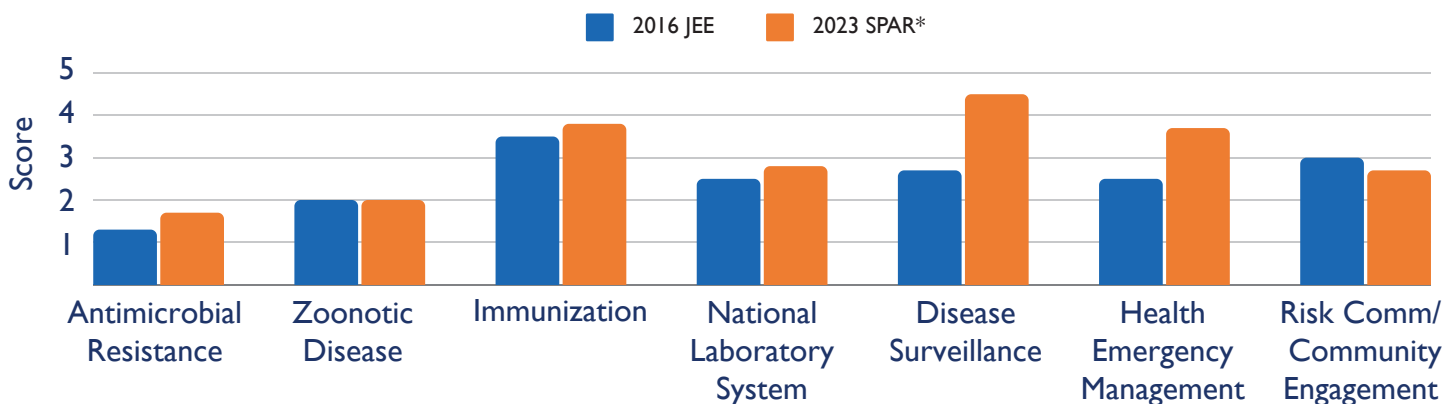
Healthcare provider explains therapy delivery options at a health facility in Maputo, Mozambique.
Credit: Ricardo Franco/CDC.

MOZAMBIQUE

Impact of GHS Investments

Mozambique has made significant progress strengthening its health security. The Joint External Evaluation (JEE) is a voluntary external assessment of health security capacities conducted approximately every 4-5 years while the States Party Annual Report (SPAR) is an annual self-assessment of these capacities conducted by the governments themselves. The chart below estimates the progress made in the technical areas endorsed by the Government of Mozambique for U.S. GHS collaboration.

Mozambique GHS Capacity Scores Over Time*



*Antimicrobial Resistance and Immunization use [2021 Global Health Security Index](#) scores as they are not included in the SPAR. These tools provide the best approximation of GHS capacities though they use different methodologies. As a result direct comparisons may have limitations.

Notable Achievements with U.S. Support

- Launch of 2023 National Action Plan for Health Security (NAPHS).
- Development of first-ever One Health Risk Communication Strategy and establishment of national One Health Platform.
- Strengthened capacity of human and animal laboratory systems.
- Outbreak response including vaccination campaigns (polio, measles, cholera, COVID-19).
- Response to health impacts of natural disasters, including Cyclone Freddy (Feb-Mar 2023).
- Ongoing support to Field Epidemiology Training Program (FETP) and In-Service Applied Veterinary and Epidemiology Training (ISAVET).

Priority Technical Areas Endorsed by the Government of Mozambique for U.S. GHS Investments



Additional areas of investments include: Biosafety & Biosecurity, Human Resources, Infection Prevention & Control, Points of Entry